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Poročilo o upravljanju ribniškega arhidiakonata (1633–1638)

IZVLEČEK

Prispevek vsebuje transkripcijo in prevod poročila o upravljanju ribniškega arhidiakonata med letoma 1633 in 1638. Za svojega predstojnika, oglejskega patriarha Marca Gradeniga, ga je napisal ribniški arhidiakon Francišek Maksimilijan Vaccano. V njem je natančno opisal stanje na cerkvenem in verskem področju v župnijah ribniškega arhidiakonata. Ta je spadal pod oglejski patriarhat in je v času poročila obsegal trinajst župnij: Dobropolje, Škocjan, Bloke, Lož, Cerknico, Kočevje, Kočevsko Reko, Osilnico, Kostel, Mozelj, Koprivnik, Črmošnjice in Ribnica.

KLJUČNE BESEDE

archidiakoniat, Ribnica, poročilo o upravljanju, Francišek Maksimilijan Vaccano, 17. stoletje

ABSTRACT

RIBNICA ARCHDEACONATE ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT FOR THE PERIOD OF 1633–1638

The contribution contains a transcript and translation of the Ribnica Archdeaconate administrative report for the period of 1633–1638. The report was drawn up by the Archdeacon of Ribnica, Franz Maximilian Vaccano, for his superior, the Aquileian Patriarch Marco Gradenigo. The document offers a detailed description of the situation in the ecclesiastical and religious spheres across the parishes within the Archdeaconate of Ribnica. The latter was part of the Patriarchate of Aquileia and in the period concerned embraced the following thirteen parishes: Dobropolje, Škocjan, Bloke, Lož, Cerknica, Kočevje, Kočevska Reka, Osilnica, Kostel, Mozelj, Koprivnik, Črmošnjice, and Ribnica.

KEY WORDS

archdeaconate, Ribnica, administrative report, Franz Maximilian Vaccano, seventeenth century

VIRI IN LITERATURA

ARHIVSKI VIRI

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S U M M A R Y

Ribnica Archdeaconate administrative report for the period of 1633–1638

The contribution contains a transcript and translation of the Ribnica Archdeaconate administrative report for the period of 1633–1638. The Latin original is kept in the Archdiocesan Archives in Udine/Videm. The report was drawn up in February 1638 by the Archdeacon of Ribnica, Franz Maximilian Vaccano, and submitted to his superior, the Aquileian Patriarch Marco Gradenigo. The document describes in detail the situation in the ecclesiastic and religious spheres across the parishes within the Archdeaconate of Ribnica. The latter fell under the Patriarchate of Aquileia and in the period concerned embraced the following thirteen parishes: Dobropolje, Škocjan, Bloke, Lož, Cerknica, Kočevje, Kočevska Reka, Osilnica, Kostel, Mozelj, Koprivnik, Črmošnjice, and Ribnica.

The report begins with an overall introduction in which Vaccano draws attention to the scope of the archdeaconate, the patronage of parishes, their low revenues, and the »barbarism« of the population inhabiting the southern part of the archdeaconate. From the introduction, the author moves on to discuss the issue concerning the administration of the archdeaconate, first listing joint decrees for parishes and succursal churches and then providing a list of joint decrees on church sacraments. He concludes the substantive part of the report by bringing forth decrees that refer to individual parish priests.

The author of the report portrayed himself as a diligent leader and archdeaconate administrator who, undeterred by the poor ecclesiastic and economic conditions that prevailed in his parishes, continuously strove to elevate religious life as well as ensure proper administration of the sacraments and respect for ecclesiastical hierarchy. He pointed to a number of minor or major deviations from Church regulations and expected parish priests to lead their congregations by example. Parish priests, he noted, committed many impious deeds, particularly those of concubinage, selling wine at the parish house, and engaging in drunken feasts, which he endeavoured to put an end to, even by threatening with various sanctions. He stressed that his report was a result of numerous visitations and journeying from one parish to another, during which he also found himself in grave danger on a few occasions.